

Programme Project Report (PPR)

Name of Programme: PG Diploma in Disaster Management

- a) **Programme mission and objectives:** The mission of programme in Disaster Management is to bring awareness among the youth regarding disaster preparedness, mitigation and rehabilitation so that they may play a key role during any disaster situation. This is possible only when youth are educated on the subject matter. Dealing with disaster has always been a challenge for human kind because disasters recognize neither land nor people. Areas like Uttarakhand are very prone to disasters of diverse nature. Therefore, awareness, education and training on the subject are very crucial in the State. Through academic courses and project based field activity, learners will be able to know about the various kinds of disasters, the harmful effects, and how to cope with the situation. The objectives of Post Graduate Diploma in Disaster Management (PGDDM) are:
- to provide comprehensive knowledge to the learners on disaster preparedness, mitigation, and rehabilitation.
 - to equip them with disaster response techniques, risk assessment and vulnerability analysis, communication skills and skills pertaining to emergency medical requirement
 - to equip the learners with latest knowledge, technologies, policies, legal initiatives and experience-based skills on disaster management
- b) **Relevance of the program with HEIs Mission and Goals:** One of the mission of higher education particularly ODL Institutions is to provide greater opportunities of access to Higher Education with equity to all the eligible persons and in particular to the vulnerable sections. At present, there are very few Universities and colleges that provide education at Masters/ PG Diploma level in disaster management. PG Diploma in Disaster Management in ODL mode will provide opportunity to majority of the aspirants particularly residing in far flung remote areas and in particular to weaker and deprived sections of the society who need to have the subject specific knowledge for their own survival. Further, the aim of the HEIs is to fulfill the region specific requirements. In case of Uttarakhand (As being very fragile), the knowledge and awareness on disaster management is very essential.
- c) **Nature of prospective target group of learners:** The target group of learners are those who are working professionals in such departments which are directly related or that directly deal the disaster situations. These belong to Non-Governmental Organisations, Governmental Organisations such as

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Police Department, Forest Department, ITBP, Armed forces, Medical department, etc. Further, those learners who wish to opt career in disaster related organisation such as NGOs or Governmental organization will also be the prospective learners for the programme such as Ministry of Environment, State Disaster management cell, Forests and Climate Change, State Forest Department, Environmental Management etc. and or/ Non-Government organizations such as The Energy Resource Institute (TERI), World Wildlife Fund (WWF), International Union for Conservation of Natural Resources (IUCN) and other Environmental Conservation and Sustainable development based organizations, will be the target group of learners.

d) **Appropriateness of programme to be conducted in Open and Distance Learning mode to acquire specific skills and competence:** There are very few institutions/ Universities/ Colleges in India that impart education on Disaster Management. Therefore, access to knowledge on the subject is not accessible to the learners. Therefore, initiating such programme in Open and Distance Learning (ODL) mode will help aspirants particularly residing in far-flung areas and those who belong to weaker sections, to acquire skill and knowledge on the subject area. The subject is more important particularly in case of Uttarakhand as the State has very fragile geography and faced disasters of varied nature. Further, accessibility of people and villages is also difficult, therefore, conduction of the programme in ODL mode is appropriate and will cater to a larger section of the society. In order to communicate effectively with the learners University has adopted the following tools:

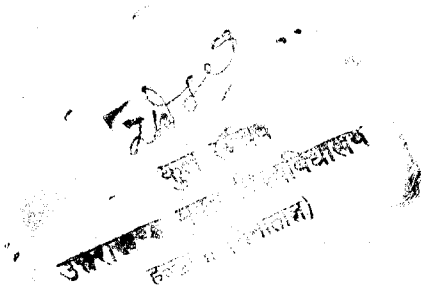
- self-instructional printed material
- audio / video cassettes and CDs
- audio-video programmes transmitted through FM Radio and EduSat
- face-to- face counselling at study centres by academic counselors
- reference library at study centre
- web based academic support
- assignments
- practical

e) **Instructional design:**

i) **Curriculum design:** The Programme structure has been adopted from IGNOU. The programme structure is as follows:

Course code	Name of Course	Credits
MPA-001	Understanding Natural Disaster	04

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MPA-002	Understanding Man-made disasters	04
MPA-003	Risk Assessment and Vulnerability Analysis	04
MPA-004	Disaster Preparedness	04
MPA-005	Disaster Response	04
MPA-006	Disaster Medicine	04
MPA-007	Rehabilitation, Reconstruction and Recovery	04
MPAP-001	Project work	04

ii) Detailed Syllabi:

MPA-001 UNDERSTANDING NATURAL DISASTER

Syllabus: Meaning and nature of natural disasters; effects of disaster; Regional and seasonal distributions; Efforts to mitigate natural disasters at the national, and global levels; Concept of disaster management; National disaster management framework; Financial arrangements; Role of NGOs, Community Based Organisations, and media; Understanding the nature and management of flood disasters; Flood prone areas; Causes and impacts of floods; Structural and non-structural measures; Preparedness and response system in India; Remedial measures; Drought management: impact of drought and response system; Cyclones in tropical areas; Adverse effects of cyclones; Hazards associated with tropical cyclones; Earthquakes disasters in India and their management, and risk mitigation techniques; earthquake occurrence; hazards associated with them and their impact; Types, causes, impacts, and risk reduction measures of landslide disaster; Landslide disaster management in India; Role of Geological Survey of India as the Nodal Agency for landslide management

Objective: To understand the various natural disasters, their causes and impacts.

UNIT SCHEDULE

Unit 1	Understanding Natural Disasters
Unit 2	Understanding Disaster Management
Unit 3	Flood
Unit 4	Flood: Case Studies
Unit 5	Drought
Unit 6	Drought: Case Studies
Unit 7	Cyclone
Unit 8	Cyclone: Case Studies
Unit 9	Earthquakes
Unit 10	Earthquakes: Case Studies
Unit 11	Landslides
Unit 12	Landslide: case studies
Unit 13	Avalanches
Unit 14	Avalanches: case studies
Unit 15	Volcanic eruptions
Unit 16	Volcanic eruptions: Case studies
Unit 17	Heat and cold waves
Unit 18	Climate change: global warming
Unit 19	Climate change: sea level rise
Unit 20	Climate change: Ozone layer depletion

Amrita

2/1/2021
 कुल पालिका
 उत्तराखण्ड मुक्त विश्वविद्यालय
 हरिद्वार (विनीतास)

MPA002 UNDERSTANDING MAN MADE DISASTERS

Syllabus: Meaning and nature of man-made disasters; Origin and causes of man made disasters; different types of man-made such disasters; Nuclear Disasters: causes and impacts of nuclear disasters, management system; Chemical Disaster: chemical hazards, causes and impacts of chemical disasters, preparedness and response activities for mitigation of chemical disasters; Biological disaster: causes and adverse effects of biological disasters; Building fires: causes and impacts of building fires, types, safety and preventive measures; Coal fires: phenomenon and the disaster, causes and impacts of coal fire in India, coal fire disaster management; Forest fires; Oil fire; Air pollution; Water pollution; Deforestation; Concept of industrial wastewater pollution and characteristics of industrial effluents, disastrous impacts; Road accidents; Air accidents; Sea accidents; Disaster Mitigation Action Plan, including the international preventive measures against sea accidents

Objective: The objective of this course is develop an understanding on the different man made disaster and their management

UNIT SCHEDULE

- Unit 1: Understanding Man-Made Disasters
- Unit 2: Nuclear Disasters
- Unit 3: Chemical Disasters
- Unit 4: Biological Disasters
- Unit 5: Building Fire
- Unit 6: Coal Fire
- Unit 7: Forest Fire
- Unit 8: Oil Fire
- Unit 9: Air Pollution
- Unit 10: Water Pollution
- Unit 11: Deforestation
- Unit 12: Industrial Wastewater Pollution
- Unit 13: Road Accidents
- Unit 14: Rail Accidents
- Unit 15: Air Accidents
- Unit 16: Sea Accidents

MPA-003 RISK ASSESSMENT AND VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

Syllabus: Difference between hazards and disasters, classification of disasters, vulnerability factors, vulnerability and risk assessment; Concept of risk and elements at risk, risk management, vulnerabilities related/emerging concepts, societal risk management, perception of risk, and acceptable risk; essentials of risk reduction and targets for risk reduction with respect to specific natural hazards; Risk assessment: understanding risk assessment and examining the process of risk assessment by measuring risks and using statistical models for risk assessment, different methods and models; Participatory Risk Assessment: community participation for risk assessment, rationale of people's participation in risk assessment and analyse the participation between the community and government organisations, participatory risk assessment methods; Vulnerability Analysis and Risk Assessment: understanding the concept and significance of vulnerability analysis and risk assessment; vulnerability as a socially constructed phenomenon, local people's perception of vulnerability; Vulnerability Identification: vulnerability identification, indicators of vulnerability, social vulnerability; relationship between gender, poverty and vulnerability; vulnerability of children, weaker

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जयप्रकाश मुकुन्द विश्वविद्यालय
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sections and disabled people; understand the economic dimension of vulnerability; Vulnerability to Shanty Settlements; Strategies for survival; vulnerability and development; resource analysis and mobilization; strategic developments for vulnerability reduction.

Objective: To understand various kinds of hazards, risk, their assessment and analysis.

UNIT SCHEDULE

- Unit 1 Hazard, Risk and Vulnerability
- Unit 2 Understanding Risk: Concepts and Elements
- Unit 3 Risk Reduction
- Unit 4 Risk Analysis Techniques
- Unit 5 Participatory Risk Assessment
- Unit 6 Vulnerability Analysis and Risk Assessment
- Unit 7 Observation and Perception of Vulnerability
- Unit 8 Vulnerability Identification
- Unit 9 Vulnerability: Social Factors
- Unit 10 Vulnerability: Economic Factors
- Unit 11 Vulnerability to Shanty Settlements
- Unit 12 The Experience of Vulnerability-I
- Unit 13 The Experience of Vulnerability-II
- Unit 14 Strategies for Survival
- Unit 15 Vulnerability and Development: The Role of Development Planning
- Unit 16 Resource Analyses and Mobilisation
- Unit 17 Strategic Developments for Vulnerability Reduction

MPA 004 DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

Syllabus: Concept of disaster management and its main components; components of disaster prevention, preparedness and mitigation; concept and significance of disaster preparedness and its important measures; mapping, preparedness plan, land-use zoning; significance and concept of planning in the context of disaster preparedness; Disaster Preparedness for People with Special Needs/Vulnerable Groups; Disaster Preparedness with Relevance to Housing, Infrastructure and Livestock; need and significance of community-based disaster preparedness; Nature and significance of IEC and training; Disaster Preparedness: Role and Responsibilities of Central, State, Administration, Armed Forces, Police, Para-military Forces, National Service Scheme and Scouts, International Agencies, Non-governmental Organisations, Community-based Organisations, Community and Media; Role of information technology in disaster preparedness; Use and Application of Emerging Technologies in Disaster Preparedness: HAM radio, wireless, Emergency operating centres; concept and significance of disaster mitigation; efforts of administration, politicians, community, NGOs; Disaster Mitigation Strategies; significance of teamwork; conflict resolution and its important techniques.

Objective: The main course objective is to explain the concept of disaster management, prevention, preparedness and mitigation

UNIT SCHEDULE

- Unit 1 Disaster Management: Prevention, Preparedness and Mitigation
- Unit 2 Disaster Preparedness: Concept and Nature
- Unit 3 Disaster Preparedness Plan

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- Unit 4 Disaster Preparedness for People with Special Needs/Vulnerable Groups
- Unit 5 Disaster Preparedness with Relevance to Housing, Infrastructure and Livestock
- Unit 6 Community-based Disaster Preparedness Plan
- Unit 7 Role of Information, Education, Communication and Training
- Unit 8 Disaster Preparedness: Role and Responsibilities of Central, State, District and Local Administration
- Unit 9 Disaster Preparedness: Role and Responsibilities of Armed Forces, Police, Para-military Forces, National Service Scheme and Scouts
- Unit10 Disaster Preparedness: Role and Responsibilities of International Agencies, Non governmental Organisations, Community-based Organisations, Community and Media
- Unit11 Information Technology: Role in Disaster Preparedness with Special Reference to Geographical Information System
- Unit12 Use and Application of Emerging Technologies in Disaster Preparedness - I
- Unit13 Use and Application of Emerging Technologies in Disaster Preparedness - II
- Unit14 Disaster Mitigation
- Unit15 Disaster Mitigation Strategies
- Unit16 Emerging Trends in Disaster Mitigation - I
- Unit17 Emerging Trends in Disaster Mitigation - II
- Unit18 Mitigation Management - I
- Unit19 Mitigation Management - II

MPA 005 DISASTER RESPONSE

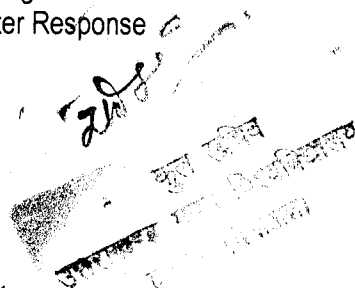
Syllabus: Disaster Response Plan: importance, role of international agencies, NGOs, community based organisations in the response plan; importance of communication, participation in the activation of emergency plans; Logistic Management; Needs and Damage Assessment; role played by different ministries and departments at centre, state and district level, police, para military, in dealing with disaster response; capabilities and the resourcefulness of Armed Forces; Psychological Response; Trauma and Stress Management: concept of trauma, the meaning and the nature of the stress, types and sources of stress and management of stress; meaning of rumour, the concept of panic and management of panic situation; management of relief commodities, supply and services; Funding Relief; Recovery: recovery process, challenges associated with the recovery process and also examine the implications of human factors involved.

Objective: To understand concept of disaster response and role of different stakeholders in it

UNIT SCHEDULE

- Unit 1 Disaster Response Plan
- Unit 2 Communication, Participation and Activation of Emergency Preparedness Plans
- Unit 3 Logistic Management
- Unit 4 Needs and Damage Assessment
- Unit 5 Disaster Response: Central, State, District and Local Administration
- Unit 6 Armed Forces in Disaster Response
- Unit 7 Disaster Response: Police and Other Organisations
- Unit 8 Role of Multiple Stakeholders in Disaster Response
- Unit 9 Psychological Response
- Unit 10 Trauma and Stress Management
- Unit 11 Rumour and Panic Management
- Unit 12 Minimum Standards of Relief

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- Unit 13 Managing Relief
- Unit 14 Funding Relief
- Unit 15 Recovery

MPA 006 DISASTER MEDICINE

Syllabus: Disaster medicine: meaning and significance of disaster medicine; importance of post-disaster review, documentation, and future planning and research in disaster medicine; meaning, methods, and various procedures of epidemiological studies; importance of epidemiological data in preventive strategies, early warning and evacuation, health effects analyses; prevention of risk factors; Medical preparedness plan; Logistics management; Remote area planning; t of community education and training in all aspects of disaster medicine, such as, planning, preparedness, risk evaluation, medical response, psychological rehabilitation, evaluation, debriefin; pre-hospital phase, that is, disaster site management; emergency management in hospitals; ility of potable water, hygiene and sanitation, vector control, garbage disposal and food safety in the community at times of disasters; Medical and health response to different disasters; Role of information and communication technology in health response; Psychological rehabilitation

Objective: To understand role of medical preparedness during and after emergencies and disasters

UNIT SCHEDULE

- Unit 1 Understanding disaster medicine
- Unit 2 Epidemiological study of disasters
- Unit 3 Prevention of risk
- Unit 4 Medical preparedness plan
- Unit 5 Logistics management
- Unit 6 Remote area planning
- Unit 7 Education and training in health management of disasters
- Unit 8 Disaster site management
- Unit 9 Clinical casualty management
- Unit 10 Community health management
- Unit 11 Medical and health response to different disasters
- Unit 12 Role of information and communication technology in health response
- Unit 13 Psychological rehabilitation
- Unit 14 Practical manual
- Unit 15 Case studies of medical and health interventions in disaster management

MPA 007 RECONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION AND RECOVERY

Syllabus: Disasters and development; Damage Assessment: techniques and tools of damage assessment; Role of Various Agencies in Disaster Management and Development; concept of vulnerability in the context of disasters; Development of Physical and Economic Infrastructure; concept of livelihood; significance of livelihood perspective to disaster management; overview of the process of reconstruction and its significance in post-disaster times; hazard vulnerability in India and identifies the disaster prone areas in the country; Disaster Resistant House Construction; of governmental, non-governmental and international agencies in reconstruction in the post-disaster phase; significance of education, training and awareness in disaster management; tance and scope of education, awareness and training in disaster mitigation; Dealing with Victims' Psychology; Role of Information Dissemination; role of urban and rural local bodies in disaster recovery; concept and

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objectives of monitoring and evaluation; objectives of monitoring, reasons behind inadequate monitoring and the interrelationship between monitoring; incorporating local needs into the rehabilitation process; important issues related to inclusion of sustainability, capacity building, risk management, total quality management and participatory planning.

Objective: To understand role of medical preparedness during and after emergencies and disasters

UNIT SCHEDULE

Unit 1	Reconstruction and Rehabilitation as Means of Development
Unit 2	Damage Assessment
Unit 3	Role of Various Agencies in Disaster Management and Development
Unit 4	Information Management Structure
Unit 5	Parameters of Vulnerability
Unit 6	Development of Physical and Economic Infrastructure
Unit 7	Creation of Long-term Job Opportunities and Livelihood Options
Unit 8	Funding Arrangements for Reconstruction
Unit 9	Nature of Damage to Houses and Infrastructure due to Disasters
Unit 10	Disaster Resistant House Construction
Unit 11	Role of Housing/Building Authorities
Unit 12	Education and Awareness
Unit 13	The Philosophy of Coping with Disasters
Unit 14	Dealing with Victims' Psychology
Unit 15	Role of Information Dissemination
Unit 16	Participative Rehabilitation Process: Some Case Studies
Unit 17	Role of Various Agencies in Recovery Measures
Unit 18	Monitoring and Evaluation of Rehabilitation Work
Unit 19	Constraints in Monitoring and Evaluation
Unit 20	Long-term Recovery
Unit 21	Long-term Counter Disaster Planning

MPAP-001 PROJECT WORK

iii) **Duration of the programme:** Minimum duration of programme is one (01) years and maximum duration if three (03) years

iv) **Faculty and support staff requirement:** One Permanent Faculty is available in Department of Forestry and Environmental Science, School of Science.

v) **Instructional delivery mechanism:** The programme will be offered in the Open and Distance Learning (ODL) mode. Guided self study using print (SLM) and electronic media; lecture/ counseling sessions; special counseling sessions and group interactions in Workshop at cluster level; debate on key environmental issues; self-reliant study activities; individual / group work assignment; through MOOC; Project work. The delivery material will include printed SLM, assignment, Face to face

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संस्कृत विभाग
बनारस विश्वविद्यालय

counseling at the designated study centres during Saturday and Sundays. Face to Face session for project guidance at Study Centre level.

f) Procedure for admission, curriculum transaction and evaluation

Eligibility: Graduation in any discipline

Fee structure: Rs. 10000 per annum

Evaluation norms: A learner will be evaluated through continuous evaluation (Assignments) and term end evaluation (Term end examination) at the end of semester. Continuous evaluation will carry 20% weightage whereas term end evaluation will carry 80% weightage.

g) Requirement of the laboratory support and Library Resources: Laboratory is not required for the programme. Uttarakhand Open University has a library at its Haldwani campus and Dehradun campus which can be utilized by the learners. Further, library resources are also available at Study Centres which can also be utilized by the students.

h) Cost estimates for development of the programme: At present university is using SLM resource of Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU).

i) Quality assurance mechanism and expected programme outcomes: The programme will help in the development of professionally skilled and sound indigenous human capital with interdisciplinary perspective and will be capable of dealing with disaster situations and contribute effectively in management of various disasters. University is availing quality SLM from IGNOU at present and in future, University will develop its own SLM.

Programme outcomes:

- Learners will have awareness with regard to diversity of disaster situations and will be capable of managing the situation
- Professionally- sound indigenous human capital with interdisciplinary perspective for services related to disaster preparedness, response and rehabilitation, rural development will be developed
- Bridge the flow of information between civil society, professionals, corporates, and policy and decision-makers

