# MTM 402/MTMM-402 Tourism Policy and Planning

Master Of Tourism & Travel Management (MTM-12/MTTM-16/17)

Fourth Semester, Examination, 2019

Time : 3 Hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note: This paper is of forty(40) marks containing three(03) sections A,B & c. Learners are required to attempt the questions contained in these sections according to the detailed instructions given therin.

# Section –A

## (Long Answer Type Questions)

**Note:** Section 'A' contains four (04) long answer type questions of nine and half (9 ½) marks each.Learner are required to answer any two questions only.

- Explain the linkages of tourism policy and tourism planning. Also discuss the scope of tourism policy and tourism planning.
- Define cost benefit analysis. Why is it so important?Discuss its significance.
- 3. Disucss the key issues and revelance of sustainable tourism planning in India.
- 4. Explain the silent features of tourism planning strategies of France.

#### Section - B

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

**Note:** Section 'B' contains eight (08) short answer type questions of four marks each. Learner are required to answer any (04) questions only.

- 1. Discuss the socio cultural significance of tourism planning.
- 2. Describe in breif about the tourism planning scenario in global context.
- 3. Explain the various steps followed in destination planning.
- 4. Define tourism complex planning. Expalin its significance.
- 5. Explain the need of community approach in tourism planning.
- 6. Discuss the principles of 'Eo-Tourism' planning.
- 7. Explain the salient features of 'Tourism planning strategies adopted by U.K.
- 8. Give an over view of tourism planning and policy perspectives of Bhutan.

#### Section -C

## (Obejctive Type Questions)

**Note:** Section 'C' contains ten(10) objective type questions of half(1/2) mark each. All questions of this section are compulsory.

# **Multiple choice Questions**

- 1. One of the purpose of tourism planning is
  - (a) Maintaining uniqueness
  - (b) Damaging resources
  - (c) Solving traffic problems
  - (d) Groding markets

- 2. The life span of a tourism plan is normally not more than:-
  - (a) 15 to 20 years
  - (b) 6 months to 2 years
  - (c) 10 to 15 years
  - (d) 3 to 5 years
- 3. The tourism planning model suggested by the tourism system stresses the need for
  - (a) Planning is which the only participants are government agencies
  - (b) A one step process that only needs to be repeated once every ten years
  - (c) Planning only for tourism development and not for tourism marketing
  - (d) A step by step approach with the participation of both government the private sector and community residents
- 4. Which of the following is not a barrier to tourism planning?
  - (a) The diversity of tourism businesses
  - (b) The lack of qualified tourism planning experts and consultants
  - (c) The cost of conducting tourism planning processes can be high.
  - (d) The complexity of tourism and the larege number of government agencies involved

- 5. The first step in the tourism planning process should be:-
  - (a) Detailed research and analysis
  - (b) Synthesis and visioning
  - (c) Background analysis
  - (d) Plan development

#### **True or False Questions**

- 6. Some people object to the concept of tourism palnning on the grounds that it an unnesscessary intrusion into the free enterprise system
- Once a tourism plan is prepared, it is not necessary to revise it in future years
- 8. Tourism planning quarantees success in tourism
- Tourism planning works best when it is a highly participative process.
- 10. A conprehensive tourism plan produces recommendations on development, marketing tourism organization , comminity awareness of tourism and support services and activities.

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