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MS-110/CP-1007

Research & Communication Methodology / Research Methodology

अनुसंधान एवं संचार पद्धति

Master of Business Administration / Diploma in Management (MBA-10/12/13/16/17 / DIM-10/16/17 / MBAH-11)

2nd Semester, Examination, 2019 (June)

Time: 3 Hours] Max. Marks: 80

Note: This paper is of Eighty (80) marks divided into three (03) sections A, B and C. Attempt the questions contained in these sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

SECTION-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Section 'A' contains four (04) long answer type questions of Nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer any two (02) questions only.

 $(2 \times 19 = 38)$

1. Discuss in detail the steps that a researcher needs to follow to formulate a good research report. Do the criteria become different for different kinds of reports? Explain with examples.

- **2.** What is the role of the media in corporate communication? How are they interlinked?
- 3. How can questionnaires assist in survey research? How will you design a questionnaire meant to measure the attitude towards banks and insurance services? Discuss by effectively using the steps in questionnaire design.
- **4.** How would you define a research design? What are the significant elements of a research design? Illustrate with examples.

SECTION-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Section 'B' contains eight (08) short answer type questions of eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer any four (04) questions only. (4×8=32)

- **1.** Why is mistrust among employees one of the biggest challenges of organizational communication?
- **2.** Even with the best possible efforts, communication might fail. Justify.
- **3.** Why should people working for an organization listen? What are the different circumstances when they will need to listen?

- **4.** What should you keep in mind while choosing your words for business writing?
- **5.** What are the advantages and limitations of sampling?
- **6.** Define various kinds of observations and their advantages and disadvantages.
- 7. 'Hypotheses are the guiding force in any research study.' Jsutify and explain.
- **8.** What is causality? Discuss the necessary condition for inferring causality between two variables.

SECTION-C

(Objective Type Questions)

Note : Section 'C' contains ten (10) objective type questions of one (01) mark each. All the questions of this section are compulsory. $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Write True or False against the following:

- 1. Independent variables are also called treatments.
- **2.** The best method to study informal communication network in an organization is sociometry.
- **3.** An ordinal scale indicates the relative position and the magnitude of the differences between the objects.

- **4.** The process of questionnaire administration is known as schedule.
- **5.** Formulation of the research problem does not require primary data collection.
- **6.** Descriptive designs do not require any quantitative statistical analysis.
- 7. Communication that is done especially with people of different nationalities is known as corss-cultural communication.
- **8.** Any obstruction to the flow of communication is a barrier.
- **9.** Taking and copying ideas from other sources and claiming it to be one's own original production is called plagiarism.
- **10.** Chronemics is the study of time and its importance in different contexts.