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# **PHY-551**

### **Nuclear Physics and Analytical Techniques**

M.Sc. Physics (MSCPHY)

2nd Year Examination, 2022 (June)

Time : 2 Hours]

#### Max. Marks : 80

**Note :** This paper is of Eighty (80) marks divided into two (02) Sections A and B. Attempt the questions contained in these sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

#### SECTION-A

#### (Long Answer Type Questions)

**Note :** Section 'A' contains Five (05) long answer type questions of Twenty (20) marks each. Learners are required to answer any Two (02) questions only.

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

1. Explain liquid drop model and obtain the Bethe-Weizsacker formula and explain the alpha decay with the help of semi-empirical formula.

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- 2. Discuss the Gamow theory of  $\alpha$ -decay and how it explains the main features of  $\alpha$ -particle emission process. Write the limitations of the theory.
- **3.** Discuss the compound nucleus theory of nuclear reaction. Obtain an expression for the Breit-Weigner formula.
- **4.** Describe the construction, working and applications of scintillation counter and solid state detector.
- 5. What is Mossbauer effect? Derive the experimental set up to study the Mossbauer effect. How are isomer shift and quadrupole splitting evaluated from Mossbauer spectrum.

### SECTION-B

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

- **Note :** Section 'B' contains Eight (08) short answer type questions of Ten (10) marks each. Learners are required to answer any Four (04) questions only. (4×10=40)
- 1. Discuss the postulates of Pauli's neutrino hypothesis.
- 2. Explain the exact conservation laws in particle interactions.
- **3.** Explain the Dirac's theory for Pair production.
- 4. Discuss the basic ideas in Yukawa's meson theory of the nuclear force.

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- 5. Calculate the binding energy of an  $\alpha$ -particle from the following data (Mass of the helium nucleus = 4.002870 u. Mass of proton = 1.007825 u. Mass of neutron = 1.008665 u.)
- 6. Compute the Q-value of the reaction  $Be^{9}(d,n) B^{10}$ . (Given masses of  $Be^{9} = 9.012182 \text{ u}, B^{10} = 10.012938 \text{ u}, d$ = 2.014102 u. n = 1.008665 u.)
- 7. Discuss Bohr and Wheeler theory of nuclear fission.
- 8. Briefly describe the working and applications of SEM.