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Total Pages: 5 Roll No.

MSCCH-502

Organic Chemistry-I

M.Sc. Chemistry (MSCCH-21)

1st Semester Examination, 2022 (June)

Time: 2 Hours] Max. Marks: 80

Note: This paper is of Eighty (80) marks divided into two (02) Sections A and B. Attempt the questions contained in these sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

SECTION-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Section 'A' contains Five (05) long answer type questions of Twenty (20) marks each. Learners are required to answer any Two (02) questions only.

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

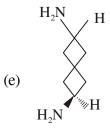
- **1.** Write the short note on the following :
 - (a) Huckel's rule.
 - (b) Inclusion Compounds.

- (c) Annulenes.
- (d) Hyper conjugation.

20

- **2.** Derive the Hammett equation to correlate the substituent and reaction constant.
- **3.** Assign the absolute configuration R or S to each chiral centre in the following compounds.

(d)
$$Ph$$
 $C = C = C$ Ph



4. Write brief note on :

- (a) Application of isotopic tracers in determination of reaction mechanism.
- (b) Isotopic labelling.
- (c) Stability of singlet and triplet carbene. 20

5. What are carbocations? Write note on :

- (a) Formation of carbocations.
- (b) Stability of carbocations.
- (c) Reactions of carbocations.
- (d) Structure of carbocations.

SECTION-B

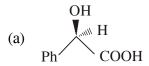
(Short Answer Type Questions)

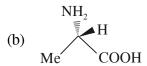
Note: Section 'B' contains Eight (08) short answer type questions of Ten (10) marks each. Learners are required to answer any Four (04) questions only. (4×10=40)

- 1. Explain the terms aromaticity, antiaromaticity and homoaromaticity.
- **2.** Write short note on :
 - (a) Hammond's postulate.
 - (b) Stability of carbanion.

10

- 3. With suitable examples, discuss briefly the stereochemistry of sulphur and phosphorus compounds.
- **4.** Convert the following flying wedge formula into the corresponding fisher projection formula.





(c)
$$CI_3$$
 CH_3

(d)
$$Ph$$
 NHMe CH_3 10

- **5.** Explain the following:
 - (a) Topicity and prochirality.
 - (b) Cram's rule.
- **6.** With suitable examples, explain the terms homotopic enantiotopic and diastereotopic groups.
- **7.** Explain why:
 - (a) Singlet dichlorocarbene is more stable than the triplet carbene.
 - (b) Trimethyl cyclopropenyl cation in more stable than triphenylcyclopropenyl cation.
- **8.** Explain briefly:
 - (a) Spiranes.
 - (b) Atropisomerism. 10