

C174

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Roll No.

MAMT-02

Real Analysis and Topology

M.Sc./M.A. Mathematics (MSCMT/MAMT-19)

Ist Year Examination, 2022 (June)

Time : 2 Hours]

Max. Marks : 80

Note : This paper is of Eighty (80) marks divided into two (02) Sections A and B. Attempt the questions contained in these sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

SECTION-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note : Section 'A' contains Five (05) long answer type questions of Twenty (20) marks each. Learners are required to answer any Two (02) questions only.
(2×20=40)

1. Prove that the outer measure of an interval is its length.
2. Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a bounded function f defined on an interval $[a, b]$ to be

L - integrable over $[a, b]$ is that given $\epsilon > 0$, there exists a partition P of $[a, b]$ such that $U(f, P) - L(f, P) < \epsilon$.

3. Let U be a collection of all subsets $G \subset \mathbf{R}$, having the property that to each $x \in \mathbf{R} \exists \delta > 0$ such that open interval $(x - \delta, x + \delta) \subset G \forall x \in G$. Prove that U is a topology on \mathbf{R} .
4. Prove that a second countable space is always a first countable space, but the converse is not true.
5. Let (X, τ) be a topological space and let A, B be non empty subsets of X then prove that
 - (a) $\emptyset' = \emptyset$.
 - (b) $x \in A' \Rightarrow x \in (A - \{x\})'$.
 - (c) $A \subset B \Rightarrow A' \subset B'$.
 - (d) $(A \cup B)' = A' \cup B'$.
 - (e) $(A \cap B)' \subset (A' \cap B')$.

where A' means derived set of A.

SECTION-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note : Section 'B' contains Eight (08) short answer type questions of Ten (10) marks each. Learners are required to answer any Four (04) questions only. $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

1. If E is a countable set, then prove that $m^*(E) = 0$.

2. If f is a bounded function defined on a measurable set E , and $m(E) = 0$. Then prove that $\int_E f(x)dx = 0$.
 3. Show that the L^p space is a metric space .
 4. Give one example of a topology on $X = \{a, b, c\}$ in which every open set is also a Closed set.
 5. Define base for a topology.
 6. Define Compact Topological Spaces.
 7. For any two sets A and B if $m^*(A) = 0$, then prove that $m^*(A \cup B) = m^*(B)$.
 8. Define the following :
 - (a) Discrete Topology.
 - (b) Indiscrete Topology.
 - (c) Topological Space.
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