Roll No.

PHY-503

Solid State Physics

M. Sc. PHYSICS (MSCPHY–12/13/16/17) First Year, Examination, 2018

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

Note: This paper is of eighty (80) marks containing three (03) Sections A, B and C. Learners are required to attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

Section-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

- **Note :** Section 'A' contains four (04) long answer type questions of nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer *two* (02) questions only.
- 1. Explain the Bravais lattice in three dimension. Draw and explain the NaCl structure.
- 2. Explain the dynamics of linear chain of identical atoms.
- 3. For two-dimensional structure, find the variation of density of states with respect to frequency. Calculate electronic specific heat capacity.
- 4. What is effective mass ? Explain the Kronig-Penny model for solids.

Section-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

- **Note :** Section 'B' contains eight (08) short answer type questions of eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer *four* (04) questions only.
- 1. What do you mean by Co-ordinate Numbers ? Find out the co-ordinate number of simple cubic, body centered and face centered crystal structure.
- 2. Assuming that the lattice points of BCC crystal of lattice parameter *a* are occupied by spherical atoms of radius R, determine the free volume per unit cell.
- 3. Explain the terms edge dislocation, screw dislocation, staking fault, Burger's vector.
- 4. Obtain an expression for the energy of attractive interaction in crystal of inert gas solids. Why do these solids exist only at very low temperature ?
- 5. Explain the motion of an electron in a solid on the basis of band theory.
- 6. Show that for an intrinsic semiconductor Fermi level lies at the middle of band gap.
- 7. Give the theory of Ferromagnetism.
- 8. What is a Plasma ? Define plasma oscillations and plasmons.

Section-C

(Objective Type Questions)

Note : Section 'C' contains ten (10) objective type questions of one (01) mark each. All the questions of this Section are compulsory.

Choose the correct alternative :

1. The atomic radius for fcc lattice is :

(a)
$$\frac{a}{2}$$

(b)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

(c) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}a$
(d) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}a$

2. bcc lattice is reciprocal of :

- (a) bcc lattice
- (b) sc lattice
- (c) fcc lattice
- (d) None of these
- 3. The magnetic moment of an electron is due to :
 - (a) Orbital motion of electron only
 - (b) Spin motion of electron only
 - (c) Both orbital and spin motion
 - (d) None of these
- 4. Which of the following substances can have positive permeability and negative susceptibility ?
 - (a) Ferromagnetic
 - (b) Paramagnetic
 - (c) Diamagnetic
 - (d) None of these
- 5. As the temperature approaches zero, the lattice contribution to heat capacity of solids approaches :
 - (a) Infinity

[4]

- (b) Zero
- (c) Any value between zero to one
- (d) One
- 6. Average kinetic energy of an electron at 0K in three dimension is :

(a)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of Fermi energy

(b)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of Fermi energy

(c)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of Fermi energy

(d) $\frac{3}{5}$ of Fermi energy

- 7. In Kronig-Penny model of electron in a linear lattice if the strength of the periodic potential increases, the width of the allowed energy band :
 - (a) increases
 - (b) decreases
 - (c) remains constant
 - (d) None of these
- 8. If the dielectric constant in real, the reflectivity of the crystal is given by :

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} - 1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} + 1}$$

(b)
$$\frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} + 1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} - 1}$$

[5]

(c)
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} - 1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} + 1}\right)^2$$

(d) $\left(\frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} + 1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r} - 1}\right)^2$

- 9. Above the Neel temperature :
 - (a) The diamagnetism vanishes
 - (b) The paramagnetism vanishes
 - (c) The ferromagnetism vanishes
 - (d) The antiferromagnetism vanishes
- 10. Critical magnetic field :
 - (a) increases if temperature decreases
 - (b) increases if temperature increases
 - (c) does not depend on temperature
 - (d) does not depend on transition temperature