

Roll No. ....

## **MS–403/FM–2107**

### **Project Finance/Project Planning, Analysis and Management**

(परियोजना नियोजन, विश्लेषण तथा प्रबन्ध)

Master of Business Administration

(MBA-10/12/13/16/17)

Fourth/Third Semester, Examination, 2018

**Time : 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks : 80**

**Note :** This paper is of **eighty (80)** marks containing **three (03)** Sections A, B and C. Learners are required to attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

#### **Section–A**

##### **(Long Answer Type Questions)**

**Note :** Section ‘A’ contains four (04) long answer type questions of nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer *two* (02) questions only.

1. “Project management is like juggling three balls—time, cost and quality.”  
—G. Reiss

Explain this statement and briefly describe three distinct phases of the development process of a project.

2. How do you calculate net present value of a project ?  
What are its merits and demerits ?

**(B-52) P. T. O.**

3. What are various sources of working capital finance of a project ?
4. What is Social Cost Benefit Analysis (SCBA) ? Explain the need of SCBA in appraising the projects.

### **Section–B**

#### **(Short Answer Type Questions)**

**Note :** Section ‘B’ contains eight (08) short answer type questions of eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer *four* (04) questions only.

Briefly discuss any *four* (04) of the following :

1. Infrastructure financing.
2. Means of finance for a project.
3. Technical appraisal of a project.
4. Risk adjusted discount rate.
5. The role of a project manager.
6. Capital budgeting techniques of project appraisal.
7. Break-even analysis.
8. Demand analysis and forecasting.

### **Section–C**

#### **(Objective Type Questions)**

**Note :** Section ‘C’ contains ten (10) objective type questions of one (1) mark each. All the questions of this Section are compulsory.

Indicate whether the following statements are True *or* False :

1. Project investment decisions are irreversible in nature.
2. Pre-investment phase of a project comprises the formulation of design and investment.
3. In a mutually exclusive situation, the project with the highest NPV will be selected.

**[ 3 ]**

4. Risk management process comprises eliminating the risks, wherever possible.
5. The capital market is a market in which securities with maturities of less than one year are bought and sold.
6. Interest payable on debt is treated as an expense and it reduces taxable profits.
7. Market analysis is done after the DPR is finalised.
8. Technical appraisal deals with the engineering aspects of a project.
9. Project financing is similar to traditional financing.
10. Discounted payback acknowledges the time value of money.