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HM-304

Research Methodology

Master of Hotel Management (MHM–17)
Third Semester, Examination, 2018

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

Note: This paper is of forty (40) marks containing three (03) Sections A, B and C. Learners are required to attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

Section-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Section 'A' contains four (04) long answer type questions of nine and half $(9\frac{1}{2})$ marks each. Learners are required to answer *two* (02) questions only.

- 1. Discuss the significance of research in social sciences. How does research assist in decision-making?
- 2. Explain the techniques used in defining a research problem.
- 3. Give a diagrammatic representation and brief explanation of research process.
- 4. Discuss the methods of data collection for primary data

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and

Section-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Section 'B' contains eight (08) short answer type questions of four (04) marks each. Learners are required to answer *four* (04) questions only.

- 1. Classification Data
- 2. Types of Survey
- 3. Difference between Schedule and Questionnaire
- 4. Research Design
- 5. Sampling Techniques
- 6. Histogram and its usage in research

Hypothesis should be defined

- 7. Types of correlation
- 8. Characteristics of Hypothesis.

Section-C

(Objective Type Questions)

Note: Section 'C' contains ten (10) objective type questions of half $(\frac{1}{2})$ mark each. All the questions of this Section are compulsory.

Fill in the blanks:

1

-	Trypothesis should be defined and									
2.		test	is	based	on	the	normal	probability		
	distribution and is used for judging the significance of									
	different statistical measures, especially the mean.									

- 3. Parametric tests cannot apply toor scale data.
- 5. In simple terms, the research refers to a

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- 6. can be defined as a collection of facts, figures or any other related material.
- 8. sampling is also known as purposive or non-probability sampling.
- 9. In pages the report should carry the title of the study, followed by acknowledgements and foreword.
- 10. Age is an example of a variable, but the number of kids is an example of a variable.

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